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E-FILED ON 2/1/06		
NOT FOR CITATION		
IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
SAN JOSE DIVISION		
COMPUTER CACHE COHERENCY Case Nos. C05-01668 RMW (HRL) CORPORATION, C05-01766 RMW (HRL)		
Plaintiff, INTERIM ORDER RE PLAINTIFF'S v. MOTION FOR ENTRY OF A PROTECTIVE ORDER		
VIA TECHNOLOGIES, INC., et al.,		
Defendants.		
COMPUTER CACHE COHERENCY CORPORATION,		
Plaintiff, v.		
INTEL CORPORATION,		
Defendant.		

On January 31, 2006, this court heard the "Motion for Entry of a Protective Order" filed by plaintiff Computer Cache Coherency Corporation ("CCCC"). Defendant Intel Corporation ("Intel") opposed the motion. Defendant Via Technologies, Inc. ("Via") joined in Intel's opposition.

The parties agree that a protective order is necessary to safeguard confidential and proprietary information that may be disclosed in the course of this litigation. However, among 1

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other things, they dispute whether any protective order to be entered should restrict patent prosecution activities by any outside counsel or expert who reviews "Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only" information. Briefly stated, Intel argues that such a provision is necessary to prevent any inadvertent disclosure of its confidential information by persons involved in patent prosecution. CCCC contends that Intel has not made a sufficient showing for such a restriction and that Intel's proposed terms are, in any event, overbroad and onerous.

Based upon the record presented, it appears that the only person who might be involved in patent prosecution is one of CCCC's outside litigation attorneys, Omer Salik. However, the record reflects only that Salik is registered to practice before the United States Patent & Trademark Office (see Farrell Decl., Ex. 31), and this court is not persuaded that Salik's status as a patent attorney, standing alone, is sufficient to justify the restrictions requested by Intel. See U.S. Steel Corp. v. United States, 730 F.2d, 1465, 1469 (Fed. Cir. 1984) (holding that access to confidential information cannot be denied solely because of counsel's status as an inhouse attorney). CCCC argues that Intel has made no effort to present any evidence as to CCCC's counsel's actual patent prosecution activities. Intel contends that any further facts are in CCCC's possession and have not been forthcoming from CCCC.

The U.S. Steel Corp. decision counsels that each case must be evaluated on its own facts on a counsel-by-counsel basis. See U.S. Steel Corp., 730 F.2d at 1468. This court finds that further facts are necessary to inform its decision as to the instant motion for a protective order. Accordingly, IT IS ORDERED THAT:

1. No later than February 13, 2006, attorney Salik shall submit a declaration (a) advising as to his patent prosecution activities (if any) in the area involved in the instant litigation, and (b) informing the court as to his advice and participation (if any) in "competitive decisionmaking" for CCCC under the standard set out in U.S. Steel Corp. The declaration shall describe the factual circumstances surrounding his activities, association and relationship with CCCC, including whether he provides patent prosecution services in the area involved in the instant litigation.

	2.	To the extent CCCC wishes to submit further briefing as to any new issues raised
by Sal	lik's de	claration, it may file a supplemental brief (not to exceed 5 pages) no later than
Febru	ary 13	, 2006.

- Intel and Via may file responsive papers as to any new issues raised by Salik's 3. declaration (with their respective briefs not to exceed 5 pages) no later than **February 17, 2006**.
- Unless otherwise ordered by the court, the matter will be taken under submission 4. without further oral argument.

Dated: February 1, 2006

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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